

Vocabulary in Lessons 1-6

Try to remember the **highlighted** vocabulary!

Article

ὁ, ἡ, τό = the

Nouns

ἄγγελος, ου, ὁ = messenger, angel

ἄγορά, ᾱς, ἡ = marketplace, place of civic assembly

ἀδελφή, ῆς, ἡ = sister

ἀδελφός, οῦ, ὁ = brother

ἀδικία, ας, ἡ = injustice

Αἴδης, ου, ὁ = Hades, both the underworld and its god

Αἰνείας, ου, ὁ = Aeneas (mythic Trojan hero said to have founded Rome)

ἄμπελος, ου, ἡ = vine

ἄνθρωπος, ου, ὁ = man (human being: ἡ ἄνθρωπος means the woman)

ἄοιδός, οῦ, ὁ = bard

ἀπορία, ας, ἡ = straits, lack of a solution

ἀρετή, ῆς, ἡ = excellence, virtue, courage

βίος, ου, ὁ = life

γεωργός, οῦ, ὁ = farmer

γλῶσσα, ης, ἡ (Attic γλῶττα) = tongue, language

γνώμη, ης, ἡ = proverb, opinion

δένδρον, ου, τό = tree, plant

δέσποινα, ης, ἡ = lady, mistress

δεσπότης, ου, ὁ = master

διδάσκαλος, ου, ὁ = teacher

δίκη, ης, ἡ = justice

Διογένης, ὁ = Diogenes (a philosopher). Noun of the 3rd declension, not studied yet.

δόξα, ης, ἡ = opinion, reputation, glory

δούλος, ου, ὁ = slave

δῶρον, ου, τό = gift

ἐπιστολή, ῆς, ἡ = letter

εὐαγγέλιον, ου, τό = gospel

εἰρήνη, ης, ἡ = peace

ἐκκλησία, ας, ἡ = assembly; (later) church

ἔργον, ου, τό = work, deed

Ἑρμῆς, οῦ, ὁ = Hermes, a Greek god

εὐτέλεια, ας, ἡ = thrift, frugality

ἡδονή, ῆς, ἡ = pleasure

ἡμέρα, ας, ἡ = day

Ἡραῖον, ου, τό = a temple of the goddess Hera

ἡσυχία, ας, ἡ = tranquility

θάλασσα (Attic dialect θάλαττα), ης, ἡ = sea

θάνατος, ου, ό = death

θεά, ᾶς, ἡ = goddess

θεός, ου, ό = god, God

θηρίον, ου, τό = wild animal, beast

θησαυρός, ου, ό = treasury

ιατρός, ου, ό = doctor

ιερόν, ου, τό = temple

ίππος, ου, ό = horse

Ἰορδάνης, ου, ό = the Jordan river

Ἰωάν(ν)ης = John

καρδία, ας, ἡ = heart

κόρη, ης, ἡ = girl

κοτύλη, ης, ἡ = cup

κραυγή, ἡς, ἡ = shouts, a shouting

κύριος, ου, ό = master, lord

λίθος, ου, ό = rock, stone

λόγος, ου, ό = story, reason; in Biblical Greek = word

λύπη, ης, ἡ = grief

μαθητής, ου, ό = student, disciple

Μοῦσα, ης, ἡ = Muse, one of the nine goddesses who protected arts and sciences

ναύτης, ου, ό = sailor

νεανίας, ου, ό = young man

νῆσος, ου, ἡ = island

νόσος, ου, ἡ = disease

όδός, ου, ἡ = way, journey

οἰκία, ας, ἡ or οἶκος, ου, ό = house

οἶνος, ου, τό = wine

παιδίον, ου, τό = child

παράδειγμα, τό (noun of the 3rd declension) = model, example

παράδεισος, ου, ό = garden, paradise

πεδίον, ου, τό = plain, field

πέτρα, ας, ἡ = rock, crag

πηγή, ἡς, ἡ = spring, source

πλοῖον, ου, τό = ship

ποιητής, ου, ό = poet

πολίτης, ου, ό = citizen

πόλεμιος, ου, ό = enemy

πόλεμος, ου, ό = war

πόνος, ου, ό = toil, labor

ποταμός, ου, ό = river

προφήτης, ου, ό = prophet

σιγή, ἡς, ἡ = silence

σίτος, , ου, ό = food

τέκνον, ου, τό = child

τέχνη, ης, ἡ = art, skill, cunning device

τόλμα, ης, ἡ = courage, daring

τύχη, ης, ἡ = chance, fortune, destiny

υἱός, οὔ, ό = son

ὔλη, ης, ἡ = forest, wood

ὔπνος, ου, ό = sleep

φίλος, ου, ό = friend

χαρά, ᾶς, ἡ = joy

χερσί(ν) (dative plural of χεῖρ, χειρός, ἡ, 3rd declension) = “with the hands”

Χριστός, οὔ, ό = Christ

χώρα, ας, ἡ = land, countryside

ψυχή, ἦς, ἡ = breath of life, spirit, ghost, (later) soul

Verbs

ἄγω, ἄξω = to lead

ἀκούω = to hear

ἀναβαίνω = to walk up or upon, embark.

ἄρχω, ἄρξω = to begin, to rule

βαίνω = to go, walk; ἀναβαίνω = to walk up or upon, embark; διαβαίνω = cross.

βάλλω, βαλέω > ῶ = to throw

βαπτίζω, βαπτίσω = to immerse, baptize

βλάπτω, βλάψω = to harm

βλέπω, βλέψω = to look

γι(γ)νώσκω = to recognize, know

γράφω, γράψω = to draw, write

διαβαίνω = to cross

διαφέρω = to carry over, to differ

διδάσκω = to teach

διώκω = to chase, pursue

ἐγκωμιάζω, -σω = to praise

ἐθέλω, ἐθελήσω = to wish, be willing

εἰσίν = they are

ἐλπίζω = to expect, hope

ἐστίν = (he, she, it) is

εὕρισκω, εὕρήσω = to find, discover

ἔχω = to have

ἦν = I / he, she, it was (imperfect of ἐστίν)

ἐρμενεύω, ἐρμενεύσω = to interpret

θαυμάζω, θαυμάσω = to admire, wonder at

θεραπεύω = to heal, care for

θύω, θύσω = to sacrifice

ιδρύω, ιδρύσω = to establish

κωλύω, κωλύσω = to prevent

λέγω, λέξω = to say, speak

λείβω, λείψω = to pour

λούω, λούσω = to wash

μανθάνω = to learn

μαρτυρέω, μαρτυρήσω = to bear witness

νικάω > ᾠ, νικήσω = to win (a battle), defeat (an adversary)

νομίζω = to consider, deem

οἰκτείρω = to pity

παίζω = to play

παρέχω, παρέξω = to provide

παύω, παύσω = to stop (someone or something)

πείθω, πείσω = to persuade

πέμπω, πέμψω = to send

πίνω = to drink

πιστεύω, πιστεύσω = to trust, believe in

Πλάτων, ωνος, ό = Plato, the philosopher. Noun of the 3rd declension.

προσβλέπω = to look at (+ acc)

προφέρω = to bring forth (cf. φέρω)..

ρίπτω = to throw on the ground, cast out

τρέφω = to nourish

τρέχω = to run

φέρω = to bring, carry, bear..

φεύγω = to flee, shun

χορεύω, χορεύσω = to dance

ώφηλέω, ώφηλήσω = to help

Pronouns

ἐγώ = I

σύ = you (sg)

ἐκεῖνος,, η, ο = "that ...," he /.she / it

ἡμεῖς = we

ὕμεῖς = you (pl)

ἐκεῖνοι, αἱ, α = "those...," they (the plural nominative of ἐκεῖνος,, η, ο)

Pronouns or Adjectives

τίς = who? which?

τί = what?

Adjectives

ἀγαθός, ή, όν = good, brave

ἀνδρείος, α, ον = brave

δειλός, ή, όν = cowardly

δεινός, ή, όν = terrible / wondrous

δίκαιος, α, ον = just, righteous

ἐμός, ή, όν = my (possessive adjective)

ἐχθρός, ά, όν = inimical

θαυμαστός, ή, όν = admirable

καθαρός, ἄ, ὄν = pure

κακός, ἦ, ὄν = bad, cowardly, evil

καλός, ἦ, ὄν = fine, noble

μακρός, ἄ, ὄν = large, great, long

μικρός, ἄ, ὄν = small

νέος, α, ον = new, young

ὀρθός, ἦ, ὄν = straight, correct

παλαιός, ἄ, ὄν = old, ancient

πονηρός, ἄ, ὄν = wicked

σοφός, ἦ, ὄν = wise

φίλος, η, ον = near and dear, friendly

χαλεπός, ἦ, ὄν = harsh, difficult

χρήσιμος, η, ον = useful

χρηστός, ἦ, ὄν = beneficial, good

Adverbs

ἀεί / αἰεί = always

καί may be an adverb = also, too

κακῶς = badly

μή = no, not (used instead of οὐ with commands)

νῦν = now

οὐ = no, not

πολλάκις = often

τότε = then, at that time

Prepositions (list 1-6)

With the accusative

ἀνά + acc = up along

διά + Acc = on account of

εἰς, εἰς + acc = to, towards, into a place

κατά + acc = down (a road, the river), denoting motion

μετά + acc = after

πρός + acc = to, toward

ὑπό + acc = moving toward the foot or base of (a tree, a mountain)

With the genitive

ἀπό + gen = from, away from a place

διά + gen = through, across;

ἐκ + gen = out of a place

μετά + gen = with

πρό + gen = in front of, before

πρός + gen = from

With the dative

ἐν + dat = in or at a place

ὑπό + dat = in or at the foot or base of (a tree, a mountain)

Conjunctions

ἀλλά = but

διότι = because

εἰ = if

ἐπεὶ, ἐπειδὴ = when, since

ἢ = or

καί = and

ὅτε = when

Particles

ἄρα often introduces a question. It should not be translated.

γάρ (postpositive) = for (causal)

δέ (postpositive) = "and" or "but," depending on the context.

δή (postpositive) = indeed, certainly, in fact.

μέν ... δέ = when used as a pair of correlatives, they may connect or contrast two elements.

They may be translated literally as "on the one hand"..."on the other hand." For μέν ... δέ see

Lesson 3

οὖν = therefore

τε (postpositive) = and

τε ... τε (both postpositive) = both... and